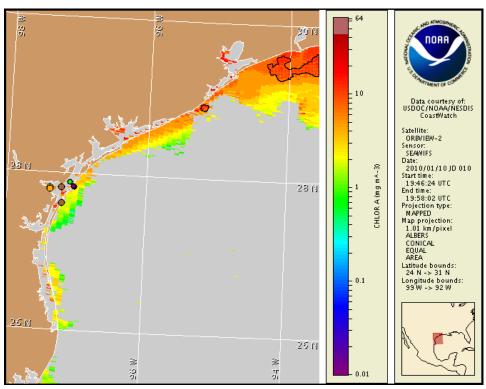


Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Texas
12 January 2010
NOAA Ocean Service
NOAA Satellites and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service
Last bulletin: January 6, 2010



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible HAB areas shown by red polygon(s). Cell concentration sampling data from January 4 to 8 shown as red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue(very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). For a list of cell count data providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HABFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Please note the following restrictions on all SeaWiFS imagery derived from CoastWatch.

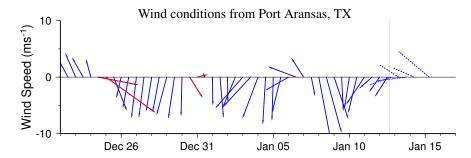
- Data are restricted to civil marine applications only; i.e. federal, state, and local government use/distribution is permitted.
- 2. Image products may be published in newspapers. Any other publishing arrangements must receive GeoEye approval via the CoastWatch Program.

Conditions Report

A harmful algal bloom continues in the vicinity of Corpus Christi Bay. Patchy high impacts are possible within the Bay this week.

Analysis

A harmful algal bloom continues in Corpus Christi Bay. Imagery indicates a high chlorophyll feature along most of the Texas costline, however, this feature is most likely a result of resuspension and/or Mississippi plume water. State sampling on January 4 and 5 continue to indicate moderate to high levels of *K. brevis* within Corpus Christi Bay. Dead fish were reported in the water at Corpus Christi Marina January 8. Due to continued winds, patchy high impacts are possible within Corpus Christi through Friday. -Neff, Wynne

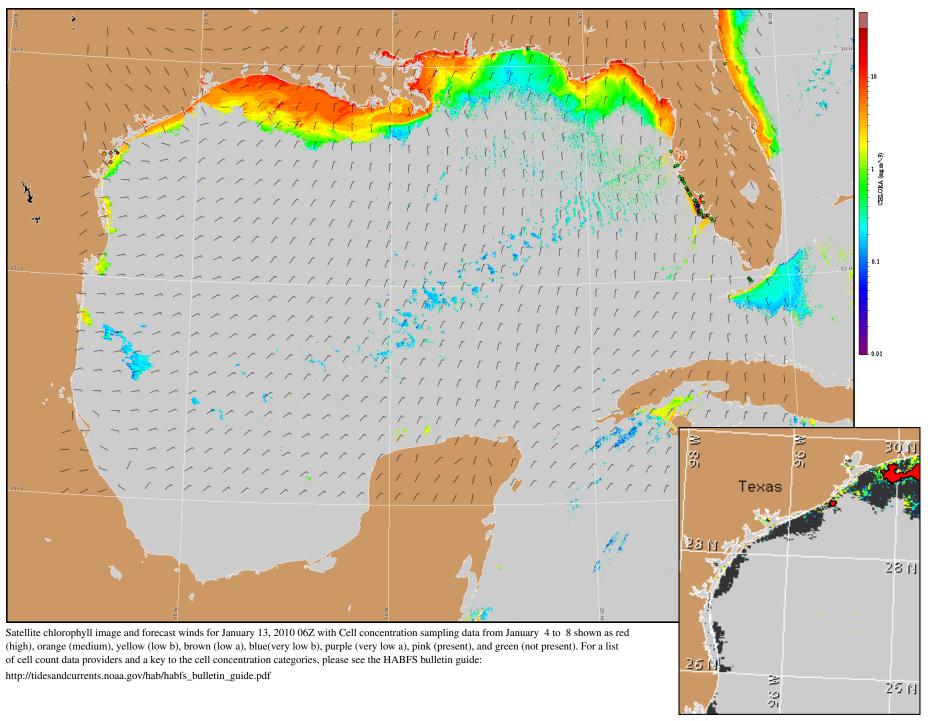


Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

Wind Analysis

Northeasterlies transitioning to southeasterlies (5-10 knots) and then strengthening (20-30 knots) are expected through the week.

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit the NOAA CoastWatch bulletin archive: http://coastwatch.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins_ns.htm



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).